

Policy Reference Number:	2.12
Classification:	Legislative
Last Reviewed:	9 August (Res 44/2024)
Next Review Date:	August 2027
Approved By:	Council Resolution
Responsible Officer:	Chief Executive Officer
Applicable Legislation:	<i>Local Government Act 1999</i>
Relevant Policies:	Risk Management Policy
Related Procedures, procedures and standards:	Section 259 Local Government Act 1999

1. INTRODUCTION

The District Council of Robe is committed to using the order making powers available to it under the Local Government Act 1999 ('the Act') in such a way as to facilitate a safe and healthy environment, to improve the amenity of a locality, and generally for the good governance of its area.

This Order Making Policy is prepared and adopted pursuant to section 259 of the Act and sets out the steps council will take in the making of orders.

2. SCOPE

Section 259 of the Act requires each council to take reasonable steps to prepare and adopt policies concerning the operation of Part 2 of Chapter 12 of the Act. Part 2 deals with the making of orders.

This Policy will apply to those circumstances listed in section 254 which states that council may order a person to do or refrain from doing a thing under certain circumstances, as specified in the table included within that section of the Act (refer Attachment 1).

In accordance with the requirements of the Act, this Policy also applies in respect of orders issued by council under section 216 (power to order the owner of private road to carry out specified roadworks), Section 217 (power to order owner of infrastructure on road to carry out specified maintenance or repair work) and section 218 (power to require owner of adjoining land to carry out specified work).

Local nuisances (other than those found in the Local Government Act) are also contained in the Local Nuisance and Litter Control Act 2016. Nuisance and littering actions that fall within the jurisdiction of the Local Nuisance and Litter Control Act will be dealt with in accordance with the procedures set out in that Act.

3. GUIDING PRINCIPLES

When considering making an order within the scope of this Policy, the District Council of Robe will consider the following principles, which are considered central to the effective resolution of local nuisances on private land.

Each case for the possible use of the order making powers will be considered on its merits. Factors that Council will consider include:

- Severity of the incident
- Hazard/ danger posed to the community
- Risk to health/ safety of the community
- Detraction from the amenity of the locality
- Repeated occurrence of the activity/ incident (e.g. Duration, previous offences)
- Impact of any previous actions to overcome the problem
- Is the breach significant/ substantial?
- Would an informal warning letter be sufficient?
- Are there any public interest issues?
- Whether there is sufficient evidence upon which Council may rely to exercise its order making powers
- The offender's attitude
- Number of complaints received in respect of the matter (if any)

4. PROCESS AND PROCEDURES

Except in the case of an emergency described below, before making an order Council will give notice of its intention to make an order in accordance with section 255 of the Act by:

- Giving the person to whom an order is intended to be directed a notice in writing stating the:
 - proposed action
 - terms of the proposed order (i.e. what it requires the person to do or refrain from doing)
 - period within which compliance with the order would be required
 - penalties for non-compliance
 - reasons for the proposed action; and
- Inviting the person notified of the opportunity to give reason/s, within a specified time, as to why the proposed action should not be taken.

Council will proceed to make an order without negotiation or notice, in accordance with section 255(12) where Council considers the circumstance or activity constitutes, or is likely to constitute:

- a threat to life; or
- an immediate threat to public health or public safety; or
- an emergency situation.

5. REVIEW RIGHTS

Pursuant to section 256 any person to whom an order is issued (including an order issued under sections 254, 216, 217, 218 of the Act) has a right to appeal against the order. Any such appeal must be lodged within 14 days of that person's receipt of the order. The Council will ensure that reference to this right of review is included in any order issued.

6. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH AN ORDER

If an order is not complied with within the time fixed for compliance (or if there is an application for review, within 14 days after the determination of the review) Council may (subject to the outcome of any review) take the action required by the order.

The reasonable costs and expenses incurred by Council in taking action under this section may be recovered by Council as a debt from the person who failed to comply with the requirements of the order.

Where an amount is recoverable by Council, Council may, by notice in writing to the person, fix a period, being not less than 28 days from the date of the notice, within which the amount must be paid and, if the amount is not paid by the person within that period, the person is liable to pay interest and Council may impose a charge over the land for the unpaid amount, together with interest, in accordance with section 257(5) of the Act.

Non-compliance with an order of council is an offence for which a person may incur a statutory penalty provided for in the Act. Section 258 of the Act provides for a maximum penalty of \$2,500 and an expiation fee of \$210 for failure to comply with an order issued under the Act.

7. RESPONSIBILITIES AND DELEGATIONS

This Policy will be enforced by Authorised persons who have been appointed (in writing) by the Council under Section 260 of the Act.

Council may also choose to delegate the power to issue orders under Sections 254, 216, 217, 218 and 299 of the Act to Council staff, in which case, Council will ensure appropriate delegations are in place.

8. FURTHER INFORMATION

This policy will be available for inspection at the Council offices listed below during ordinary business hours and available to be downloaded, free of charge, from Council's internet site: www.robe.sa.gov.au

Royal Circus, Robe SA 5276

Copies will be provided to interested parties upon request. Email council@robe.sa.gov.au

Any grievances in relation to this policy or its application should be forwarded in writing addressed to the Chief Executive Officer of Council.

9. POLICY REVIEW

This policy may be amended at any time and must be reviewed at least every four years since its adoption (or latest amendment).

Public Consultation is required on the amended policy, unless the Council determines that the amendment is of only minor significance.

Attachment 1

Local Government Act 1999

254—Power to make orders

- (1) A council may order a person to do or to refrain from doing a thing specified in Column 1 of the following table if in the opinion of the council the circumstances specified opposite it in Column 2 of the table exist and the person comes within the description opposite it in Column 3 of the table.

Column 1 To do or to refrain from doing what?	Column 2 In what circumstances?	Column 3 To whom?
1. Unsightly condition of land		
Refer to Local Nuisance and Litter Control Act 2016		
2. Hazards on lands adjoining a public place		
(1) To fence, empty, drain, fill or cover land (including land on which there is a building or other structure).	(1) A hazard exists that is, or is likely to become, a danger to the public.	(1) The owner or occupier of the land.
(2) To remove overgrown vegetation, cut back overhanging branches, or to remove a tree.	(2) The vegetation, branches or tree create, or are likely to create, danger or difficulty to persons using a public place.	(2) The owner or occupier of the land.
(3) To remove or modify a flag or banner, a flagpole or sign, or similar object or structure that intrudes into a public place.	(3) The relevant object or structure creates, or is likely to create, danger or difficulty to persons using a public place.	(3) The owner or occupier of the land.
(4) Where the public place is a road—to take action necessary to protect the road or to remove a hazard to road users.	(4) A situation exists that is causing, or is likely to cause, damage to the road or a hazard to road users.	(4) The owner or occupier of the land.
Examples—		
<ul style="list-style-type: none">· To fill an excavation, or to prevent drainage of water across the road.· To construct a retaining wall or to remove or modify a fence.· To fence land to prevent the escape of animals.		

Column 1 To do or to refrain from doing what?	Column 2 In what circumstances?	Column 3 To whom?
<p>· To remove a structure or vegetation near an intersection.</p> <p>3. Animals that may cause a nuisance or hazard Refer to Local Nuisance and Litter Control Act 2016</p> <p>4. Inappropriate use of vehicle To refrain from using a caravan or vehicle as a place of habitation.</p>	<p>A person is using a caravan or vehicle as a place of habitation in circumstances that—</p> <p>(a) present a risk to the health or safety of an occupant; or</p> <p>(b) cause a threat of damage to the environment; or</p> <p>(c) detract significantly from the amenity of the locality.</p>	<p>The owner or occupier of the land or a person apparently occupying the caravan or vehicle.</p>

(2) A reference in the table to an animal or animals includes birds and insects.

216—Power to order owner of private road to carry out specified roadwork

(1) A council may, by order in writing to the owner of a private road, require the owner to carry out specified roadwork to repair or improve the road.

(2) Divisions 2 and 3 of Part 2 of Chapter 12 apply with respect to—

- (a) any proposal to make an order; and
- (b) if an order is made, any order,

under subsection (1).

218—Power to require owner of adjoining land to carry out specified work

(1) A council may, by order in writing to the owner of land adjoining a road, require the owner to carry out specified work to construct, remove or repair a crossing place from the road to the land.

(2) Divisions 2 and 3 of Part 2 of Chapter 12 apply with respect to—

- (a) any proposal to make an order; and
- (b) if an order is made, any order,

under subsection (1).